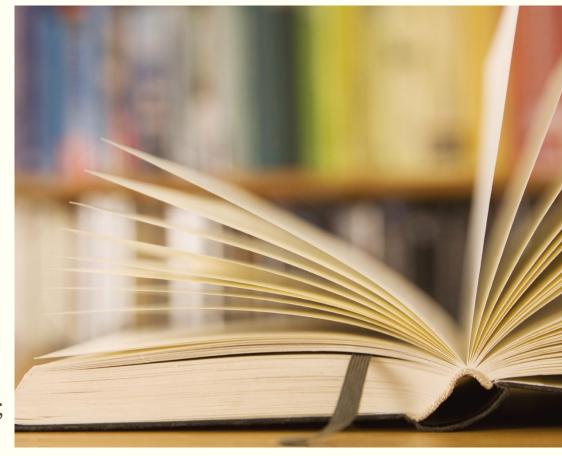
Assessment Practices in Rural Head Start When Children Speak Spanish

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Overview

- Introduction
- Background
- Research Questions
- Methodology
- Procedure and Data Analysis
- Results
- Conclusion/Future Directions







Introduction



- Children who speak multiple languages have special needs compared to monolingual children.
- This includes access to linguistically valid assessment services
- Our goal: understand the inter-rater agreement between Spanish-speaking parents and mono-lingual teachers using the AEPS-3 Ready Set and AEPS-3 FACS

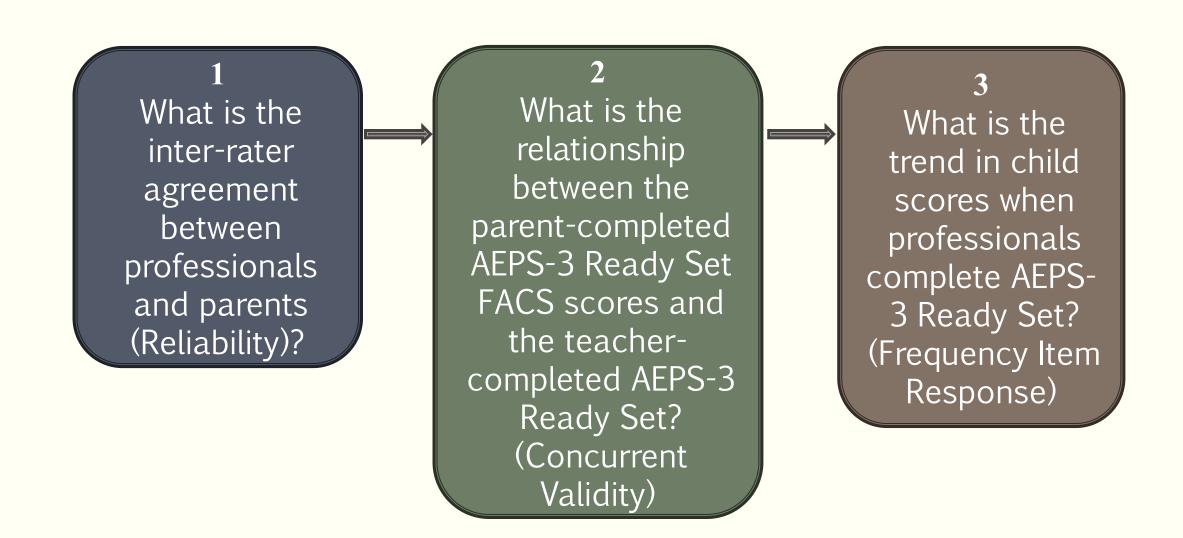
"Words form the thread on which we string our experiences," ~Aldous Huxley in The Olive Tree

What are Convergence and
Divergence in How Parents
and Educators Interpret Child
Development When
Preschoolers Transition to
Kindergarten?



- Collaboration with Head Start preschoolers transitioning to Kindergarten
- Conducted in the Spring for children starting Kindergarten in the Fall
- Part of a larger study (2022-2023)
 - 53 children
 - 24 (year 1); 29 (year 2)
 - 53 families
 - 23 teachers
 - 17 (year 1); 6 (year 2)
- Funding- Research Diversity Seed Grant (PI- Macy; CoPI- Reid)
 - Funding source: Research Services Council (RSC) of University of Nebraska

Research Questions



Methodology

- This study used quantitative methodology.
- Participants
 - 9 teachers
 - 9 children/families

Tools:

- AEPS-3 Ready Set
- AEPS-3 Family Assessment of Child Skills (FACS) of Ready Set
- Teachers were recruited from rural Head Start settings
- Teachers received a 2-hour training on conducting the AEPS-3 Ready Set assessment
- Materials were provided in Spanish for Spanish speaking families
- AEPS-3 Ready Set- 40 items: fine motor (5%), gross motor (8%), adaptive (5%), social emotional (20%), social communication (7%), cognitive (15%), literacy (25%), and math (15%)
- FACS:- 30 items: same as the Ready Set except for two in social emotional, one in social communication, three in literacy, and two in math

References for the two measures

(AEPS-3 Ready Set and AEPS-3 FAC)

Bricker, D., Dionne, C., Grisham, J., Johnson, J.J., Macy, M., Slentz, K., & Waddell, M. (2022).
 AEPS®-3 ready-set. In D. Bricker, C. Dionne, J. Grisham, J.J. Johnson, M. Macy, K. Slentz, & M. Waddell, Assessment, Evaluation, and Programming System for Infants and Children, Third Edition (AEPS®-3). Baltimore: Brookes Publishing Co.

Bricker, D., Dionne, C., Grisham, J., Johnson, J.J., Macy, M., Slentz, K., & Waddell, M. (2022). AEPS®-3 family assessment of child skills. In D. Bricker, C. Dionne, J. Grisham, J.J. Johnson, M. Macy, K. Slentz, & M. Waddell, Assessment, Evaluation, and Programming System for Infants and Children, Third Edition (AEPS®-3). Baltimore: Brookes Publishing Co.



Ready-Set FACS Family Assessment of Child Skills



Ready-Set FACS Family Assessment of Child Skills *Spanish*



Ready-Set



Ready-Set *Spanish*

Procedure and Data Analysis

- Participants completed the AEPS-3 Ready Set and the AEPS-3 FACS.
- This gave rise to two independent observations;
 - one from professionals and the other from parents
 - assessing the child's performance across eight domains: fine motor, gross motor, adaptive, socialemotional, social communication, cognitive, literacy, and math.
- Inter-rater reliability, comparing assessments made by professionals and parents, was assessed.
- The agreement between raters was measured by calculating correlation coefficients across average raw scores and developmental domains.

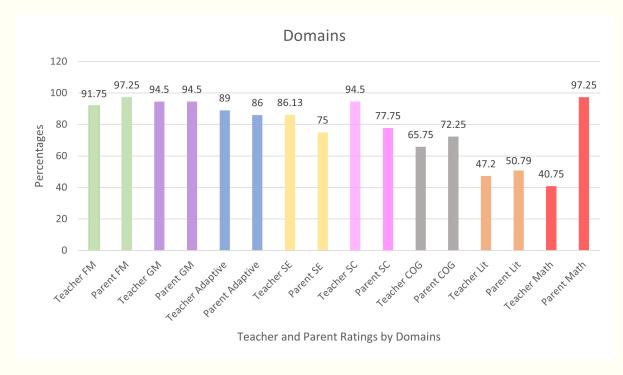


Results

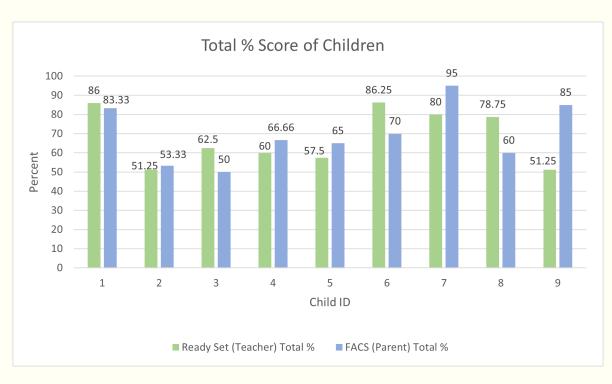
Table 1 Rural Head Start Educator Demographics $(N = 9)$						
Ethnicity						
African American	-		-	-		
Asian/Pacific Islander	-		-	-		
Caucasian (Non-Hispanic)	7	100	2	100		
Latino or Hispanic	-		-	-		
Native American/Aleut	-		-	-		
Other	-		-	-		
Age						
20-30	-		-	-		
30-40	3	42.9	1	50		
40-50	2	28.6	1	50		
Over 50	2	28.6	-	-		
Did not answer	-		-	-		
Educational Background						
High School	-		-	-		
Some college/CDA	2	29	-	-		
AA degree	1	14	1	50		
Bachelor's degree	4	57	1	50		
Graduate degree and	-		-	-		
above						
Skill level with assessment						
Very low	-		-			
Low	1	14	-			
High	2	29	2	100		
Very high	4	57	-			
Did not answer	-		-			

Factor	Year 1 n=5	Y1 %	Year 2 n=4	Y2 %
Ethnicity (children)				
African American	-	-	-	-
Asian/Pacific Islander	-	-	-	-
Caucasian (Non-Hispanic)	-		-	-
Latino or Hispanic	4	80	4	100
Native American/Aleut	-		-	-
More than 1	1	20	-	-
Did not answer	-	-	-	-
Gender				
Female	1	20	3	75
Male	4	80	1	25
Developmental Status				
No history or indication of developmental delay	3	60	4	100
Suspected developmental delay or disability	-	-	-	-
Identified delay or disability	2	40	-	-
Did not answer	-	-	-	-
Receives special services				
Yes	2	40	-	-
No	3	60	4	100
Did not answer	-	-	-	-
If yes, what type?	Language, IEP/Therapy	-	-	-
Family Income				
Below \$10K	2	40	-	-
\$10-50K	2	40	1	25
\$50-100K	-	-	1	25
Did not answer	1	20	2	50

Results



Mean Scores of Teachers and Parents' Agreement on 8 Child Developmental Domains



Mean Scores of Teachers and Parents for 9 Spanish Speaking Children

Results

Basic Agreements:

- Adaptive Skill. There was a strong positive correlation between adaptive items on the AEPS-3 Ready Set and AEPS-3 FACS when scored by teachers and parents, r = 0.81, p < .05.
- Cognitive Skill. There was a weak positive correlation between cognitive items on the AEPS-3 Ready Set and AEPS-3 FACS when scored by teachers and parents, r = 0.10, p < .05.
- Fine Motor. There was a weak negative correlation between fine motor items on the AEPS-3 Ready Set and AEPS-3 FACS when scored by teachers and parents, r = -0.25, p < .05.
- Gross Motor Skill. There was a strong positive correlation between gross motor items on the AEPS-3 Ready Set and AEPS-3 FACS when scored by teachers and parents, r = 0.81, p < .05.
- Social Emotional Skill. There was a moderate positive correlation between social emotional items on the AEPS-3 Ready Set and AEPS-3 FACS when scored by teachers and parents, r = 0.51, p < .05.
- Social Communication Skill. There was a weak positive correlation between social communication items on the AEPS-3 Ready Set and AEPS-3 FACS when scored by teachers and parents, r = 0.28, p < .05.
- Literacy Skill. There was a weak positive correlation between literacy items on the AEPS-3 Ready Set and AEPS-3 FACS when scored by teachers and parents, r = 0.43, p < .05.
- Math Skill. There was a moderate positive correlation between math items on the AEPS-3 Ready Set and AEPS-3 FACS when scored by teachers and parents, r = 0.67, p < .05.

Conclusion

- Mean scores on the children's skills across eight domains/areas tended to show a strong degree of congruency between parents of Spanish speaking children and their mono-lingual Head Start teachers.
- The two domains with the biggest difference was math and social communication.
 - mono-lingual teachers rated the children's social communication skills much higher than their parents
- When rating children's math skills, mono-lingual teachers rated the children's skill lower compared to their parents.
- Overall, there was a positive correlation between teachers' and parents' scores across most domains, indicating agreement in assessment.
- These findings underscore the importance of further exploration into the cultural and linguistic factors that may influence assessment outcomes.

Future Directions

Future directions for this research could be to:

Delve deeper into the factors influencing the observed discrepancies in assessment outcomes, particularly the fine motor domain with a negative correlation.

Cultural interpretation of fine motor skill?

Examine the outcomes for multi-lingual learners compared to their mono-lingual peers.



References





QUESTIONS?

Thank you!